For questions 1-3: A cell which is 98% water is placed into the following environments. Answer each question and indicate whether each solution is hypotonic, isotonic, or hypertonic.

- 1. A solution of 100% water:
 - a. Complete the picture of the scenario.



- b. What is the direction of water movement? Indicate it with an arrow.
- c. Does the cell shrink, swell, or remain the same?
- d. Is this a hypotonic, hypertonic or isotonic solution? Explain your answer.
- 2. A solution of 10% sugar:
 - a. Complete the picture of the scenario.



- b. What is the direction of water movement? Indicate it with an arrow.
- c. Does the cell shrink, swell, or remain the same?
- d. Is this a hypotonic, hypertonic or isotonic solution? Explain your answer.
- 3. A solution of 2% sugar:
 - a. Complete the picture of the scenario.



- b. What is the direction of water movement? Indicate it with an arrow.
- c. Does the cell shrink, swell, or remain the same?
- d. Is this a hypotonic, hypertonic or isotonic solution? Explain your answer.
- 4. Red blood cells are 95% water. Create several drawings to represent red blood cells in the following environments. Indicate the movement of water using arrows.
 - a. 100% distilled water



b. 5% salt solution



c. 15% salt solution



For questions 5-7, a cell which is 96% water is placed into the following environments. Answer each question and indicate whether each solution is hypotonic, hypertonic, or isotonic.

5. A solution of 4% sugar: Draw the scenario



- a. What is the direction of water movement? Indicate it with an arrow.
- b. Does the cell shrink, swell, or remain the same?
- c. Is this a hypotonic, hypertonic or isotonic solution? Explain your answer.
- 6. A solution of 2% sugar:
 - a. Complete the picture of the scenario.



- b. What is the direction of water movement? Indicate it with an arrow.
- c. Does the cell shrink, swell, or remain the same?
- d. Is this a hypotonic, hypertonic or isotonic solution? Explain your answer